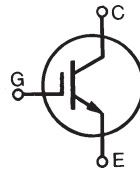


High Voltage IGBT For Capacitor Discharge Applications

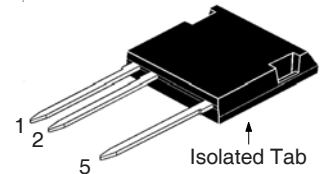
IXGF36N300

$V_{CES} = 3000V$
 $I_{C25} = 36A$
 $V_{CE(sat)} \leq 2.7V$



(Electrically Isolated Tab)

ISOPLUS i4-Pak™



1 = Gate
 2 = Emitter
 5 = Collector

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	3000	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	36	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	18	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ C, V_{GE} = 20V, 1ms$	400	A
SSOA	$V_{GE} = 20V, T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C, R_G = 2\Omega$	$I_{CM} = 300$	A
(RBSOA)	Clamped Inductive Load	$V_{CE} \leq 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$	
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	160	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ C$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_L	1.6 mm (0.062 in.) from Case for 10s	300	$^\circ C$
T_{SOLD}	Plastic Body for 10s	260	$^\circ C$
F_C	Mounting Force	20..120/4.5..27	Nm/lb-in.
V_{ISOL}	50/60Hz, 1 minute	4000	V~
Weight		5	g

Features

- Silicon Chip on Direct-Copper Bond (DCB) Substrate
- Isolated Mounting Surface
- 4000V Electrical Isolation
- High Peak Current Capability
- Low Saturation Voltage
- Molding Epoxies Meet UL 94 V-0 Flammability Classification

Applications

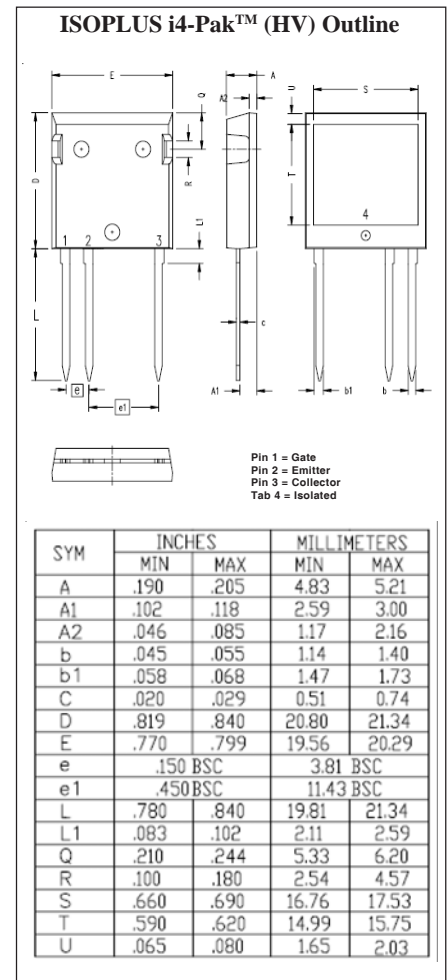
- Capacitor Discharge
- Pulser Circuits

Advantages

- High Power Density
- Easy to Mount

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ C$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu A, V_{GE} = 0V$	3000		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.0 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V$ Note 2, $T_J = 125^\circ C$			50 μA 2 mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V, V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 200 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 36A, V_{GE} = 15V, \text{Note 1}$ $I_C = 100A$			2.7 V 5.2 V

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 36\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$, Note 1	15	25	S
$I_{C(ON)}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$, Note 1		360	A
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$		2690	pF
C_{oes}			123	pF
C_{res}			34	pF
Q_g	$I_C = 30\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$		136	nC
Q_{ge}			21	nC
Q_{gc}			52	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Resistive Switching Times $I_C = 36\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 1500\text{V}$, $R_G = 2\Omega$		36	ns
t_r			185	ns
$t_{d(off)}$			215	ns
t_f			540	ns
R_{thJC}			0.78	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thCS}		0.15		$^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thJA}		30		$^\circ\text{C/W}$



Notes:

1. Pulse test, $t < 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d < 2\%$.
2. Device must be heatsunk for high-temperature leakage current measurements to avoid thermal runaway.

IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,850,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

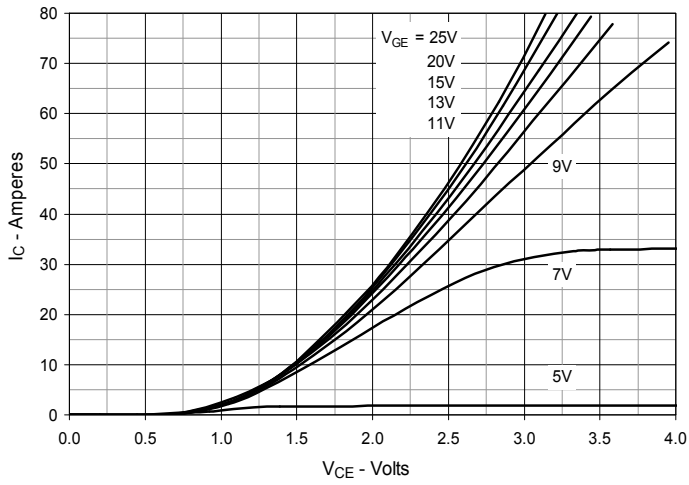


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

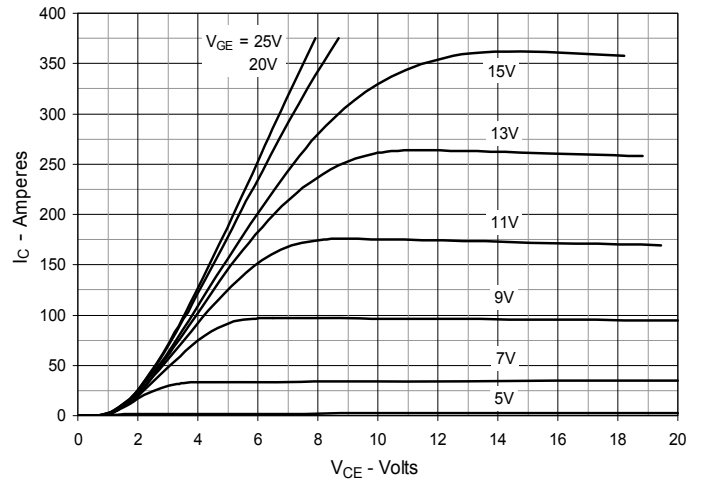


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

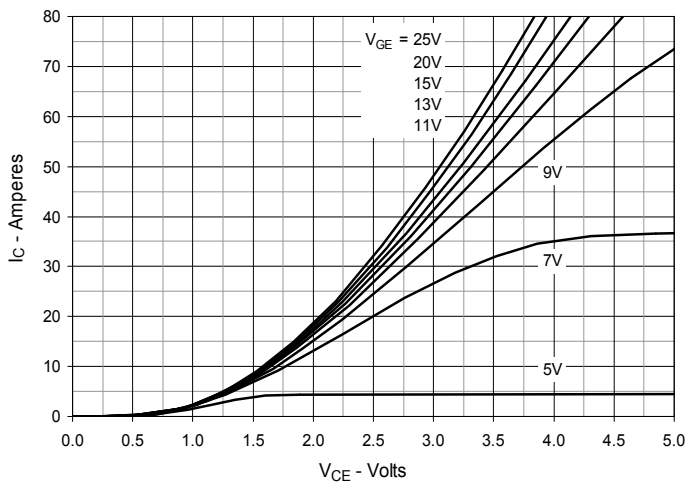


Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

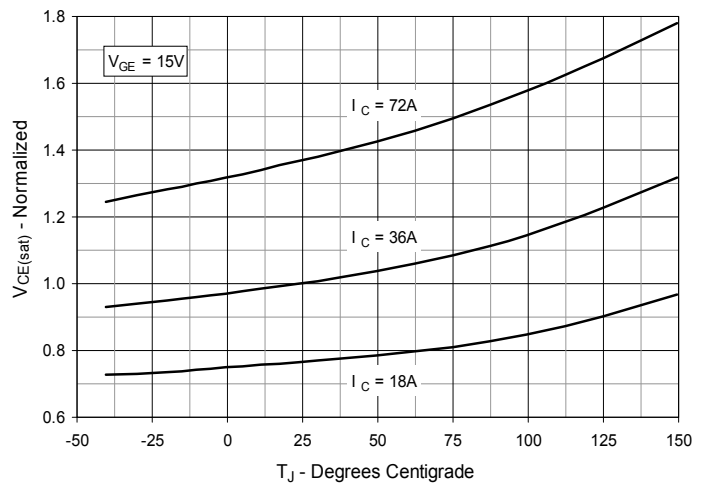


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

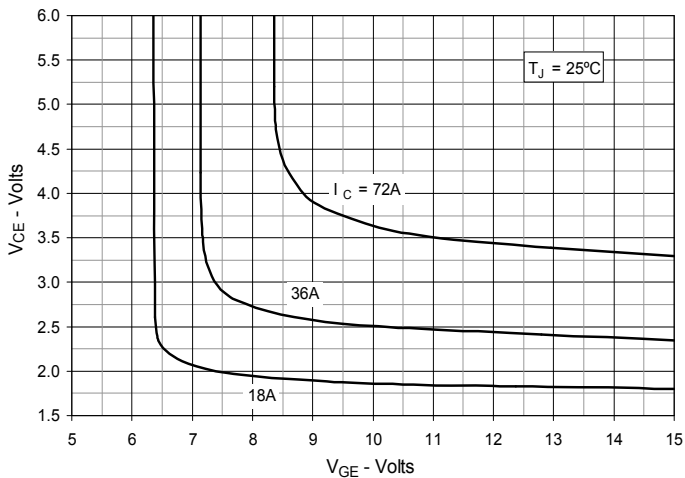


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

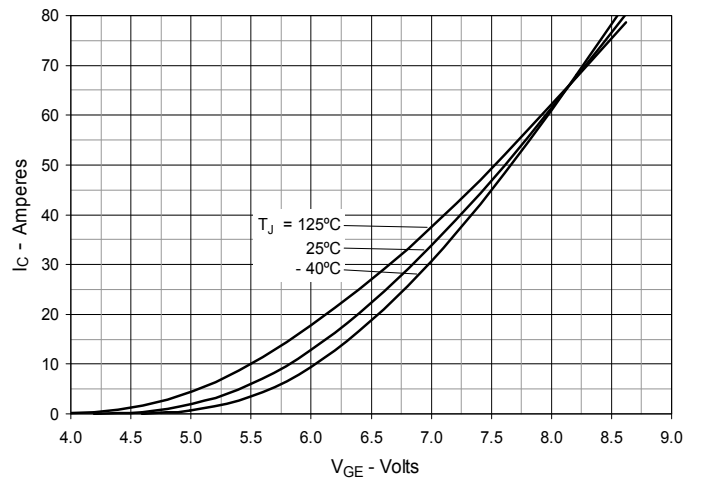


Fig. 7. Transconductance

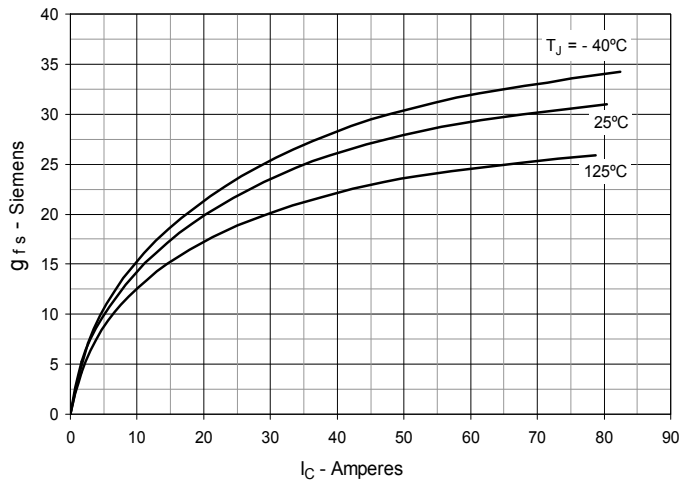


Fig. 8. Gate Charge

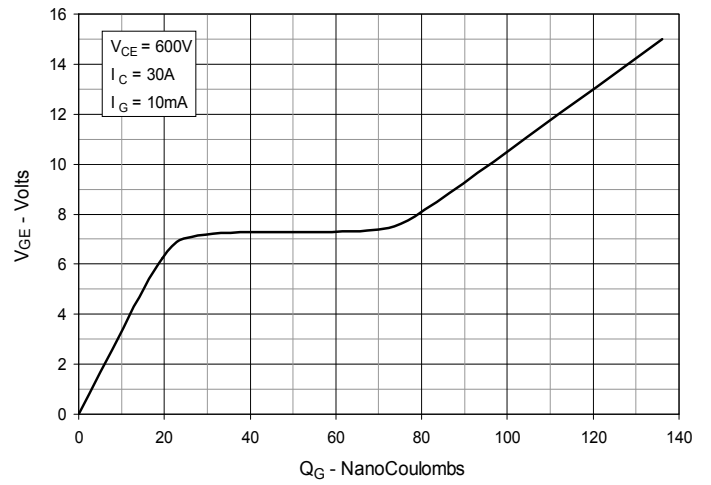


Fig. 9. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

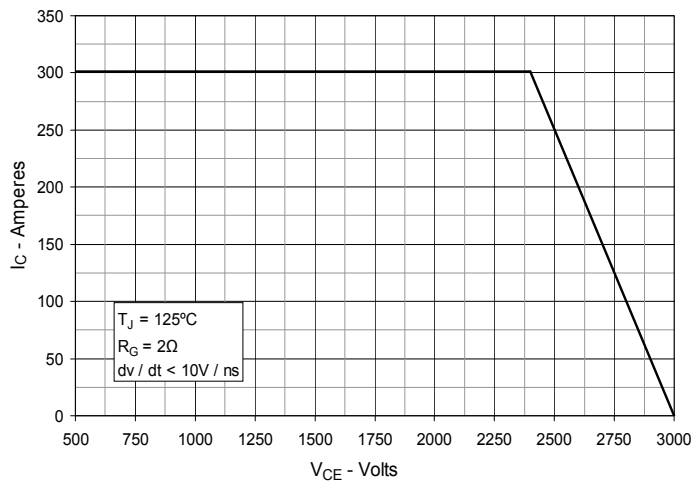


Fig. 10. Capacitance

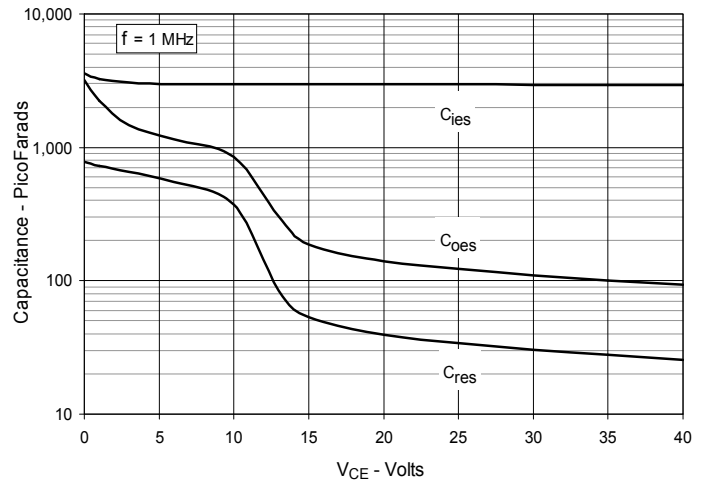


Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

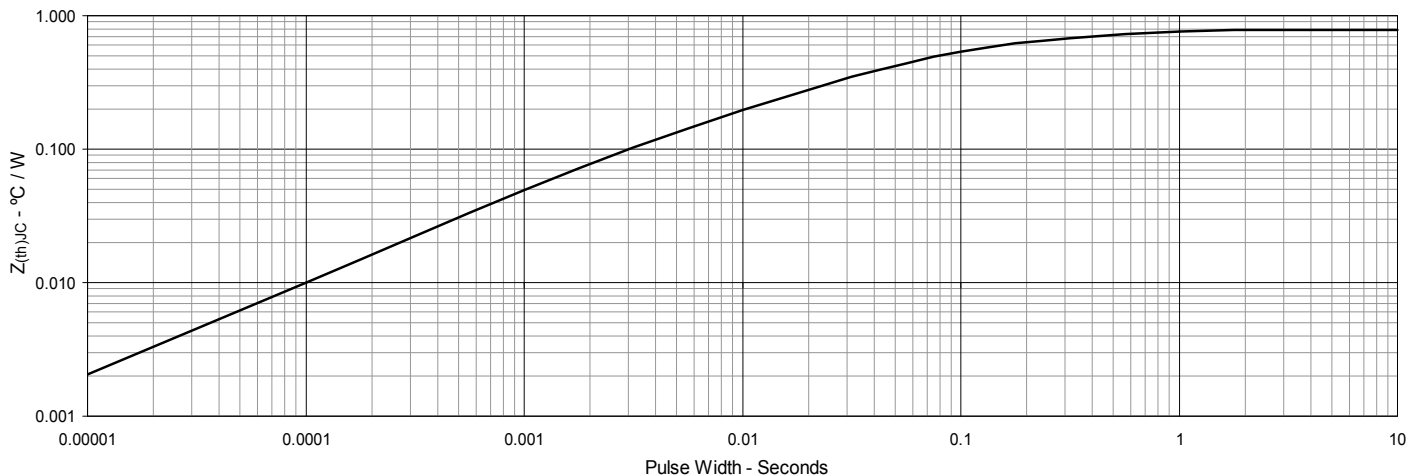


Fig. 12. Resistive Turn-on Rise Time vs. Junction Temperature

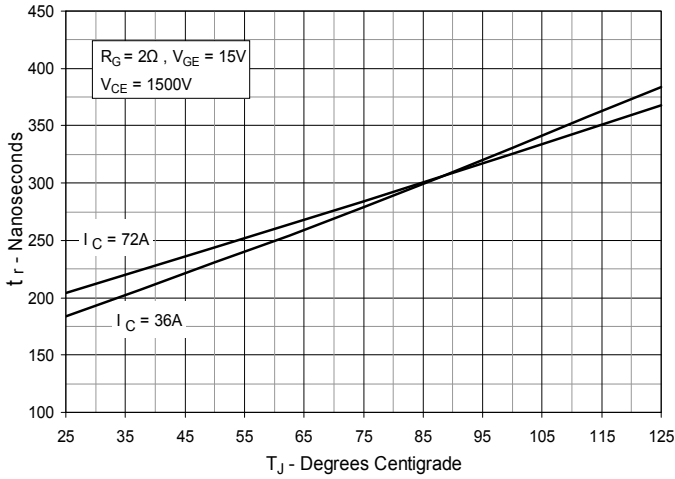


Fig. 13. Resistive Turn-on Rise Time vs. Drain Current

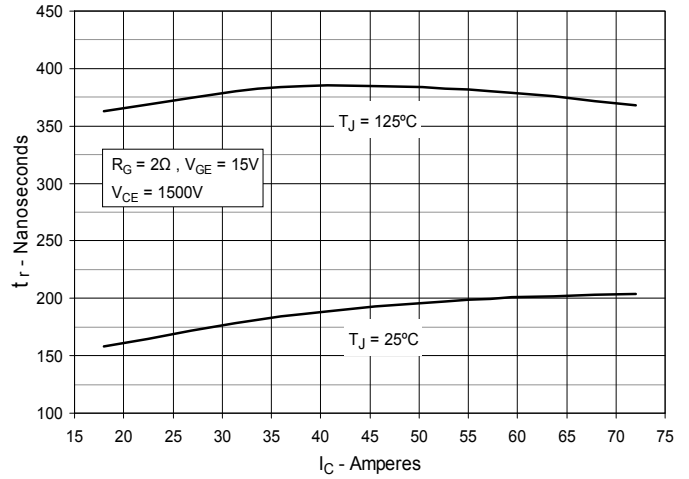


Fig. 14. Resistive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

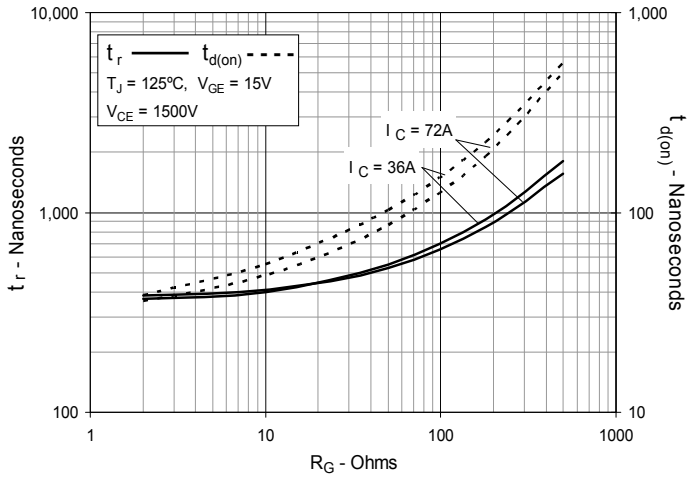


Fig. 15. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

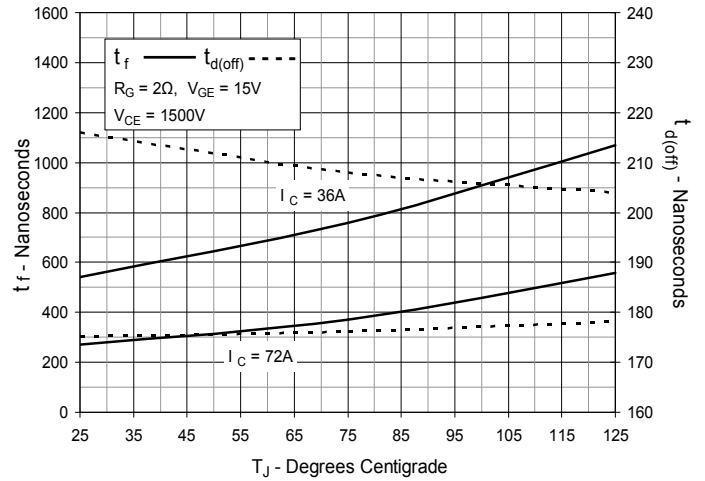


Fig. 16. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Drain Current

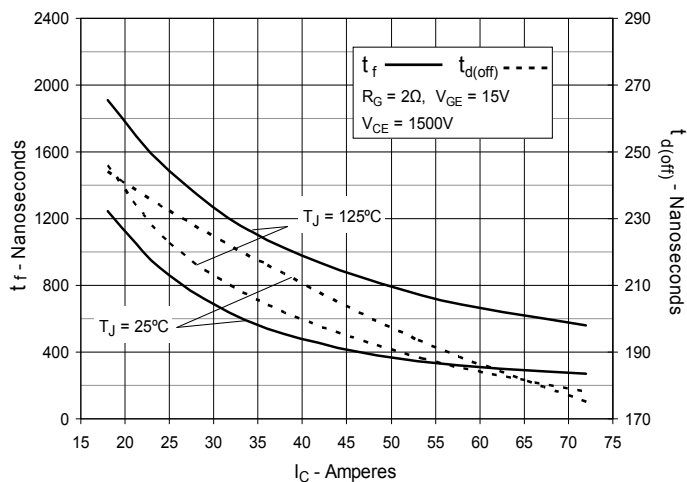
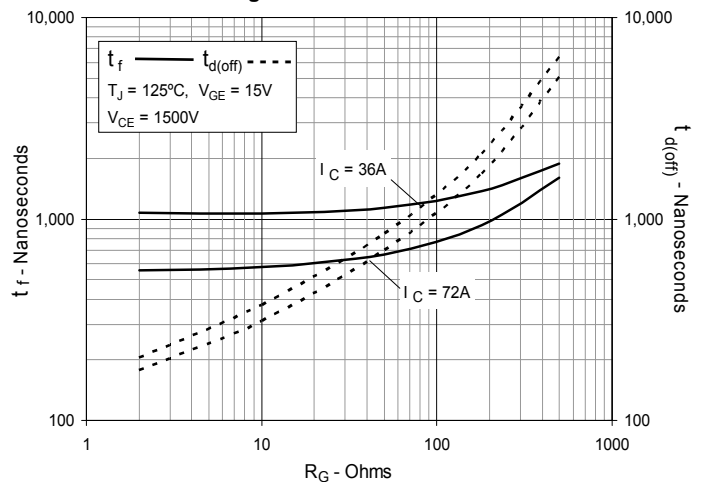


Fig. 17. Resistive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance





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