

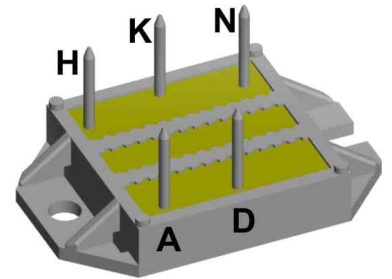
# HiPerFRED Module

$V_{RRM}$	=	600 V
$I_{DAV}$	=	34 A
$t_{rr}$	=	35 ns

Fast Recovery Epitaxial Diode  
 Low Loss and Soft Recovery  
 3~ Rectifier Bridge

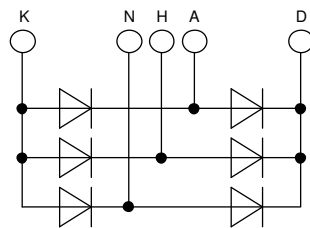
Part number

**VUE22-06NO7**



Backside: isolated

 E72873



### Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic base plate
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

### Applications:

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input and output rectifiers for high frequency
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Package: ECO-PAC1

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 9 mm
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

### Disclaimer Notice

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Fast Diode				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
$V_{RSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			600	V	
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			600	V	
$I_R$	reverse current, drain current	$V_R = 600 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		60	$\mu A$	
		$V_R = 600 V$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.25	mA	
$V_F$	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 10 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2.09	V	
		$I_F = 30 A$			2.50	V	
		$I_F = 10 A$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		1.41	V	
		$I_F = 30 A$			1.87	V	
$I_{DAV}$	bridge output current	$T_C = 85^{\circ}C$ rectangular $d = 1/3$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		34	A	
$V_{FO}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		1.18	V	
$r_F$	slope resistance				22	m $\Omega$	
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				2.5	K/W	
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.30		K/W	
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$		50	W	
$I_{FSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine; V_R = 0 V$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		50	A	
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 MHz$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		6	pF	
$I_{RM}$	max. reverse recovery current	} $I_F = 10 A; V_R = 300 V$ $-di_F/dt = 200 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		3.5	A	
			$T_{VJ} = 100^{\circ}C$		6	A	
$t_{rr}$	reverse recovery time		$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		35	ns	
			$T_{VJ} = 100^{\circ}C$		50	ns	



Package ECO-PAC1		Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			100	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
<b>Weight</b>				19		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		1.4		2	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	6.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	10.0			mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	3600			V
		t = 1 minute	3000			V



Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VUE22-06NO7	VUE22-06NO7	Box	25	482811

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**

\* on die level

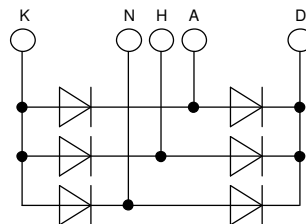
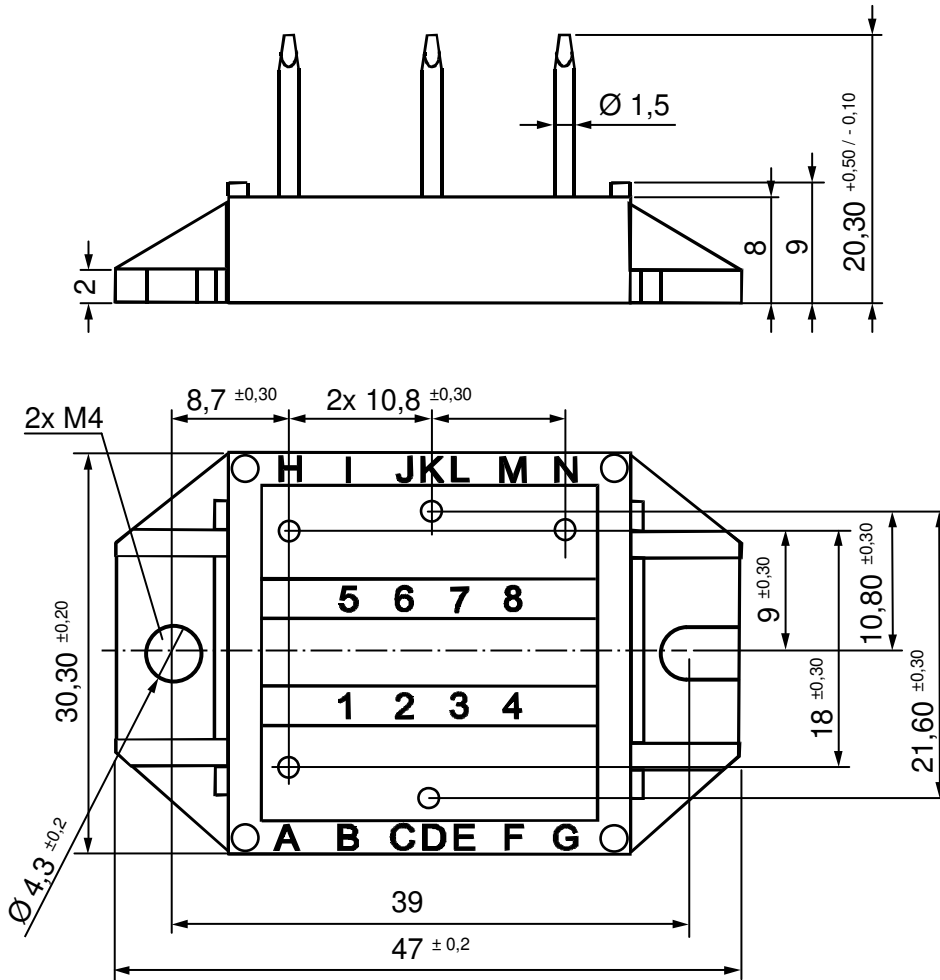
$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$



**Fast Diode**

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	1.18	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	20	mΩ

**Outlines ECO-PAC1**



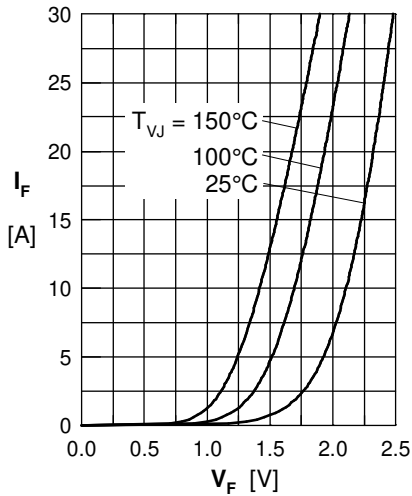
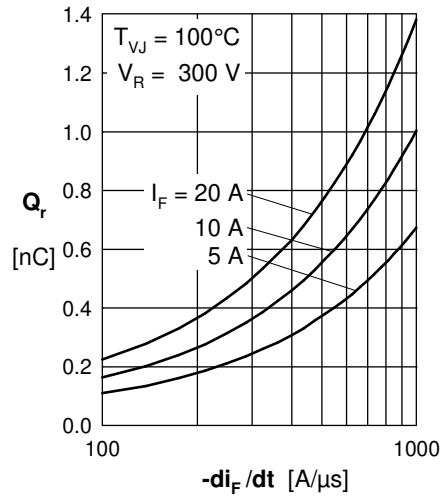
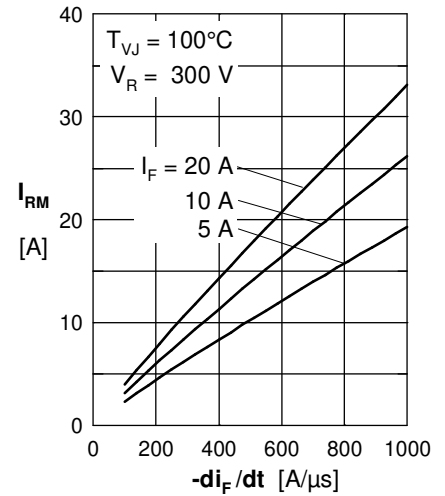
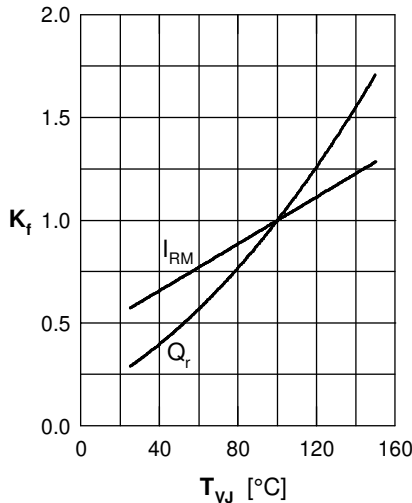
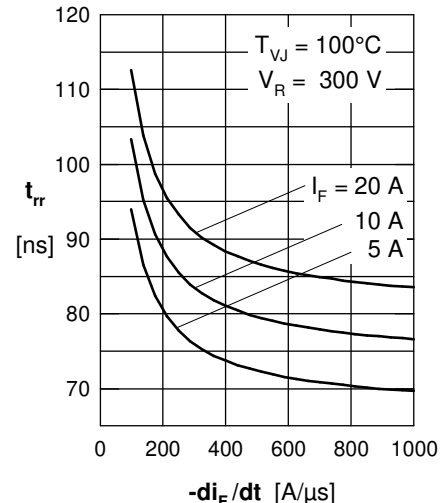
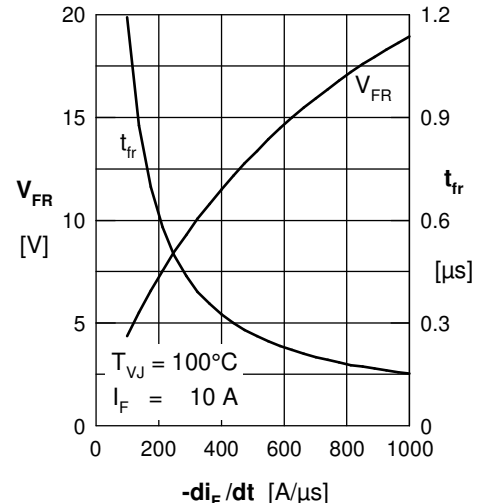
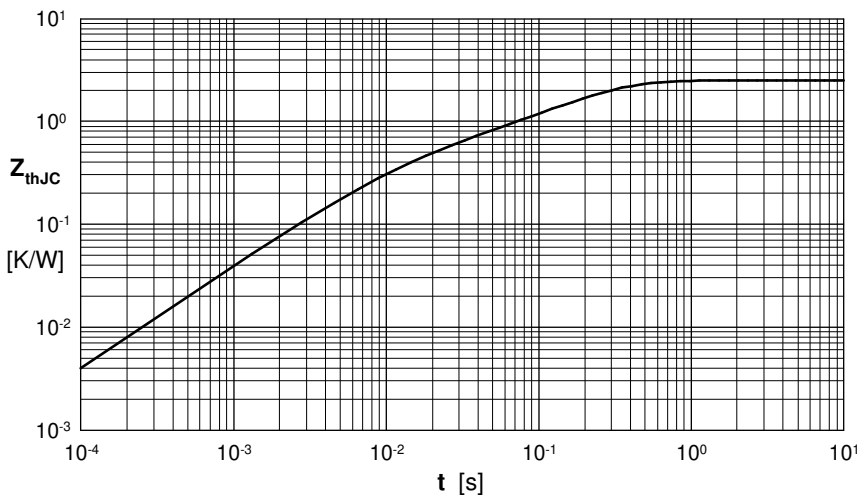
**Fast Diode**

 Fig. 1 Forward current  $I_F$  vs.  $V_F$ 

 Fig. 2 Reverse recovery charge  $Q_r$  versus  $-di_F/dt$ 

 Fig. 3 Peak reverse current  $I_{RM}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$ 

 Fig. 4 Dynamic parameters  $Q_r$ ,  $I_{RM}$  versus  $T_{VJ}$ 

 Fig. 5 Recovery time  $t_{rr}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$ 

 Fig. 6 Peak forward voltage  $V_{FR}$  and  $t_{fr}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$ 


Fig. 7 Transient thermal resistance junction to case

 Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.8776	0.0052
2	0.3378	0.0003
3	0.0678	0.0004
4	1.2168	0.0092