

IXYN110N120C4H1

1200V, 110A XPT™ Gen4 IGBT with Sonic Diode

Extreme Light Punch Through IGBT for 20–50 kHz Switching



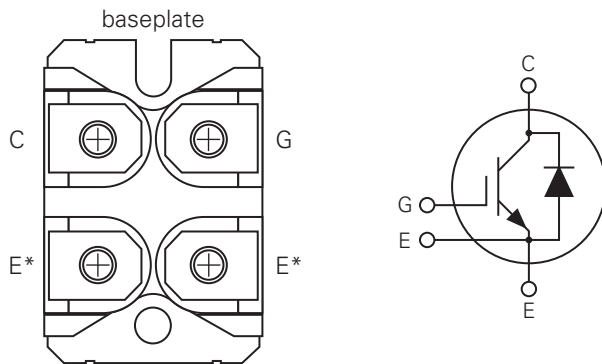
Description:

Developed using our proprietary XPT™ thin-wafer technology and state-of-the-art Trench IGBT process, these devices feature reduced thermal resistance, low energy losses, fast switching, low tail current, and high current densities.

Features & Benefits:

- Optimized for 20–50 kHz Switching
- miniBLOC, with Aluminum Nitride Isolation
- 2500V~ Isolation Voltage
- High Surge Current Capability
- Positive Thermal Coefficient of $V_{CE(sat)}$
- International Standard Package
- Low Gate Charge Q_G
- Anti-Parallel Sonic Diode

Pinout Diagram (SOT-227B)



G: Gate; **C:** Collector; **E:** Emitter; **baseplate:** Isolated

*Either emitter terminal can be used as Main or Kelvin Emitter

Applications:

- Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines

Product Summary

Characteristic	Value	Unit
V_{CES}	1200	V
I_{C110}	110	A
$V_{CE(sat)}$	2.40	V
$t_{fi(typ)}$	37	ns

Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Characteristic	Conditions	Value	Unit
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 175°C	1200	V
V_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient Gate-Emitter Voltage	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	Continuous Collector Current	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	210	A
I_{LRMS}	Terminal Current Limit	–	200	A
I_{C110}	Continuous Collector Current	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	110	A
I_{F110}	Diode Forward Current	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	74	A
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 1 ms	760	A
SSOA (RBSOA)	Switching Safe Operating Area (Reverse Biased Safe Operating Area)	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $R_G = 2\ \Omega$, $I_{CM} = 0.8 \times V_{CES}$	220	A
P_C	Collector Power Dissipation	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	830	W
T_J	Junction Temperature	–	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{JM}	Maximum Junction Temperature	–	175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	–	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
V_{ISOL}	Isolation Voltage	50/60 Hz, $I_{ISOL} \leq 1\text{ mA}$, $t = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V~
		50/60 Hz, $I_{ISOL} \leq 1\text{ mA}$, $t = 1\text{ s}$	3000	
M_d	Mounting Torque	–	1.5 / 13	Nm/lb.in
	Terminal Connection Torque	–	1.3 / 11.5	
W	Weight	–	30	g

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$R_{th, JC}$	Thermal Resistance, junction-to-case	–	–	0.18	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{th, CS}$	Thermal Resistance, case-to-heat sink	–	0.05	–	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Electrical Characteristics – Static ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Characteristic	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 250\ \mu\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	1200	–	–	V
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	$I_C = 3\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	4.5	–	6.5	V
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	–	–	50	μA
		$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	–	7	mA
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current	$V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}$	–	–	± 100	nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ¹	$I_C = I_{C110}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	–	1.90	2.40	V
		$I_C = I_{C110}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	2.27	–	V

Note 1: Pulse test, $t \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$

Electrical Characteristics – Dynamic ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Characteristic	Conditions	Value			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
g_{fs}	Transconductance ¹	$I_C = 60\text{ A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	40	68	–	S	
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	–	5420	–	pF	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance		–	495	–		
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		–	220	–		
$Q_{g(on)}$	Total Gate Charge	$I_C = I_{C110}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \times V_{CES}$	–	330	–	nC	
Q_{ge}	Gate-Emitter Charge		–	55	–		
Q_{gc}	Gate-Collector Charge		–	138	–		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time ²	Inductive Load, $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V},$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \times V_{CES},$ $I_C = 50\text{ A},$ $R_{G(ext)} = 2\ \Omega$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	40	–	ns
			$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	36	–	
t_{ri}	Turn-on Rise Time ²		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	48	–	ns
			$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	37	–	
E_{on}	Turn-on Energy ²		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	3.6	–	mJ
			$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	5.3	–	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time ²		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	320	–	ns
			$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	326	–	
t_{fi}	Turn-off Fall Time ²		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	37	–	ns
			$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	90	–	
E_{off}	Turn-off Energy ²	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	1.9	–	mJ	
		$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	3.2	–		

Note 1: Pulse test, $t \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$

Note 2: Switching times and energy losses may increase for higher $V_{CE(clamp)}$, T_J , or R_G .

Reverse Sonic Diode (FRD) ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Characteristic	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V_F	Diode Forward Voltage ¹	$I_F = 100\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	–	2.20	2.70	V
		$I_F = 75\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	2.15	–	
I_{RM}	Reverse Recovery Current	$I_F = 50\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	–	43	–	A
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$-di_F/dt = 750\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 600\text{ V}$	–	270	–	ns
$R_{th, JC}$	Thermal Resistance, junction-to-case	–	–	–	0.41	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Note 1: Pulse test, $t \leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$

Characteristic Curves

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

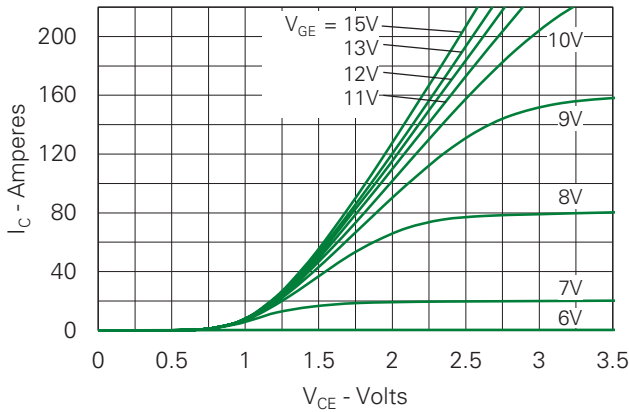


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

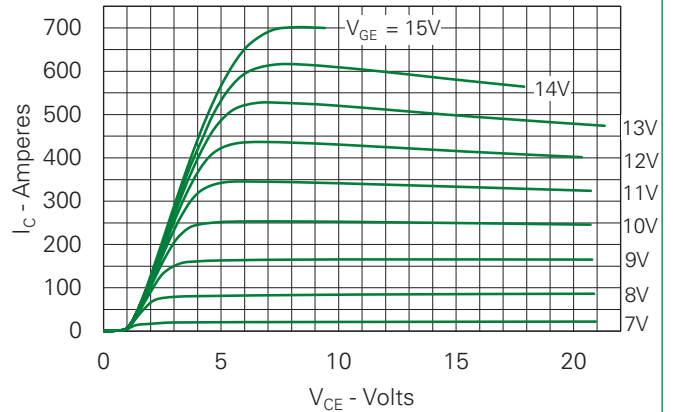


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

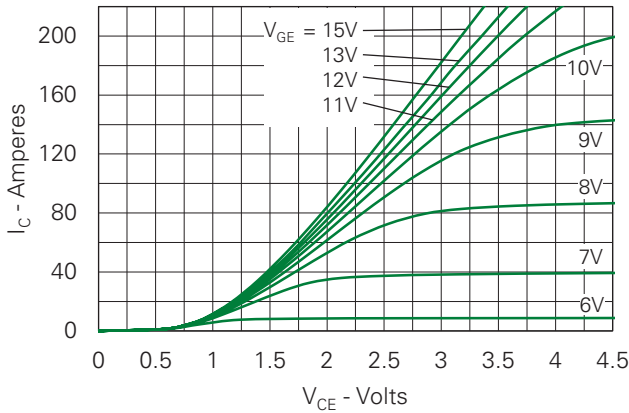


Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

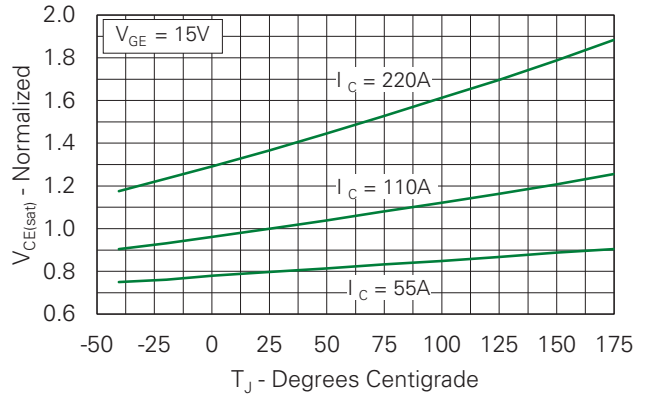


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

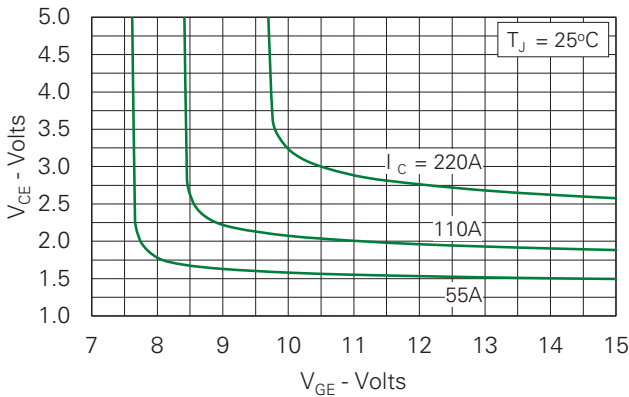


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

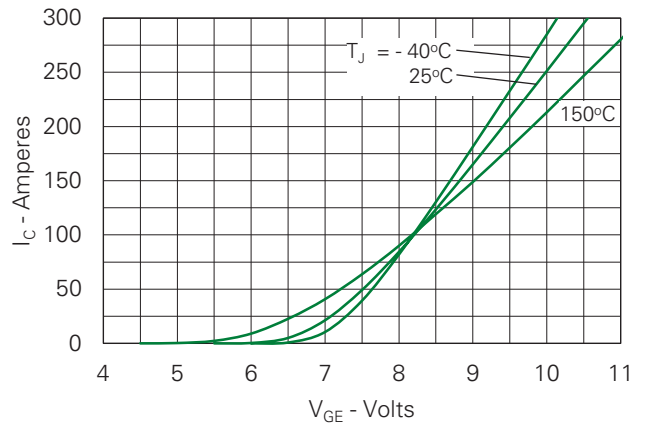


Fig. 7. Transconductance

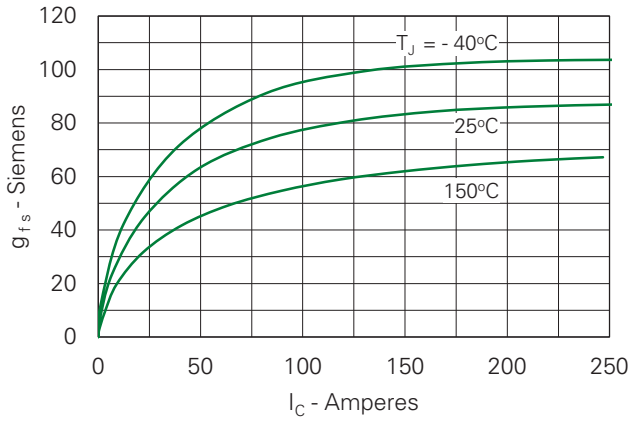


Fig. 8. Gate Charge

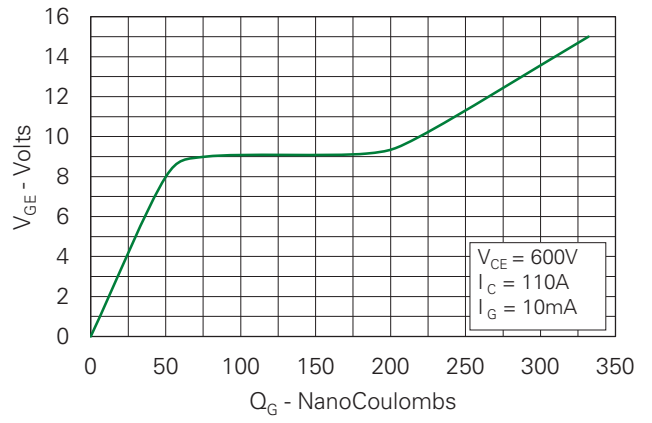


Fig. 9. Capacitance

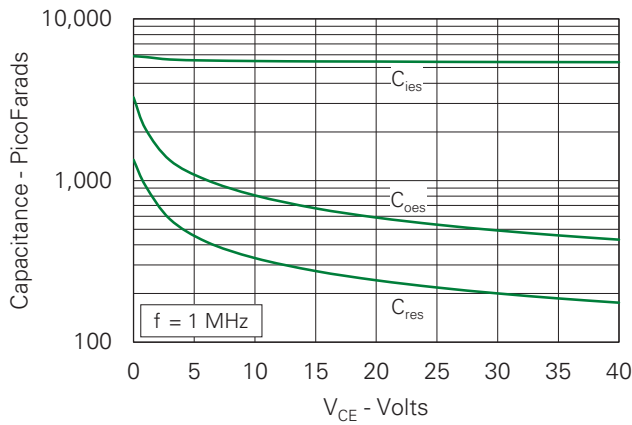


Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

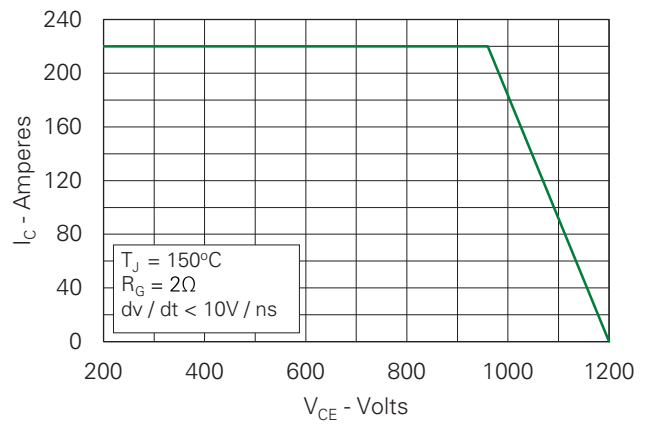


Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

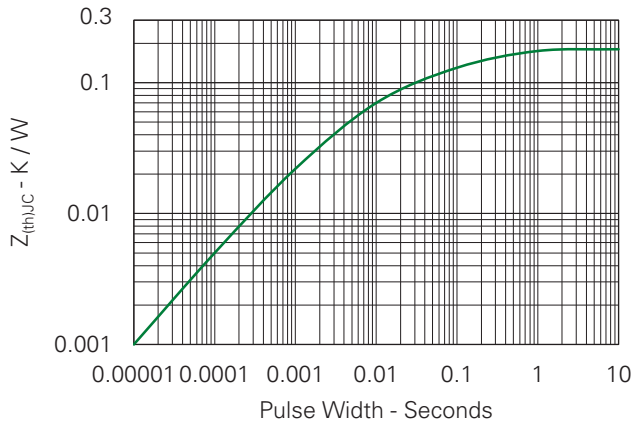


Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current

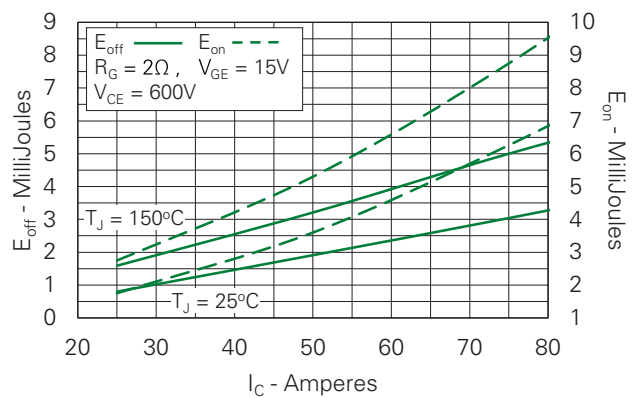


Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector-Emitter Voltage

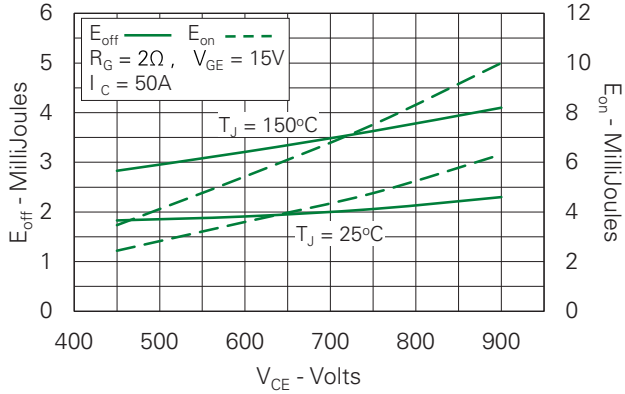


Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance

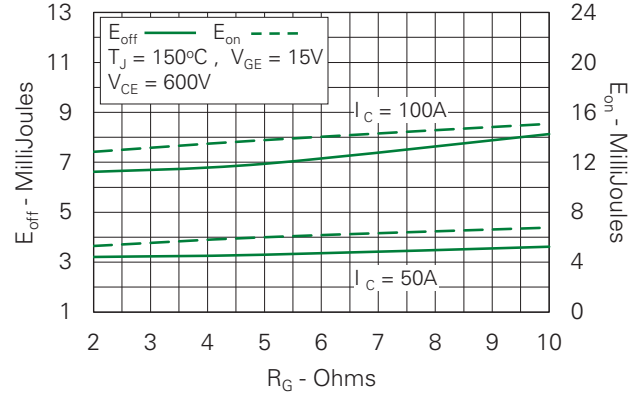


Fig. 15. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature

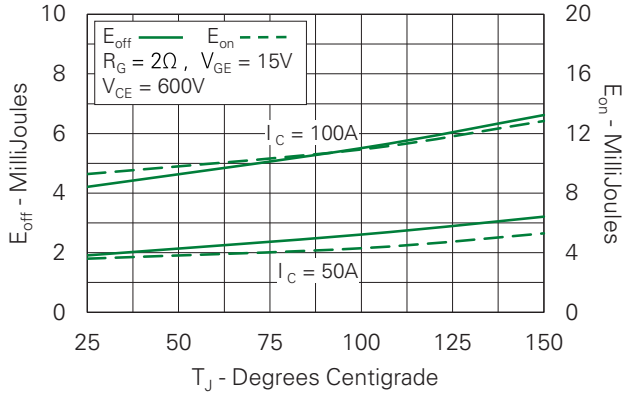


Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

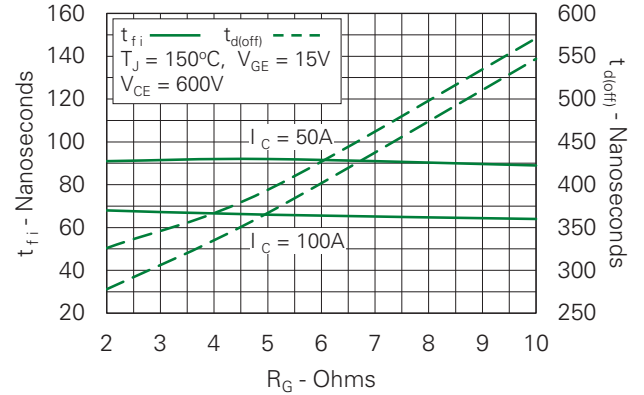


Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current

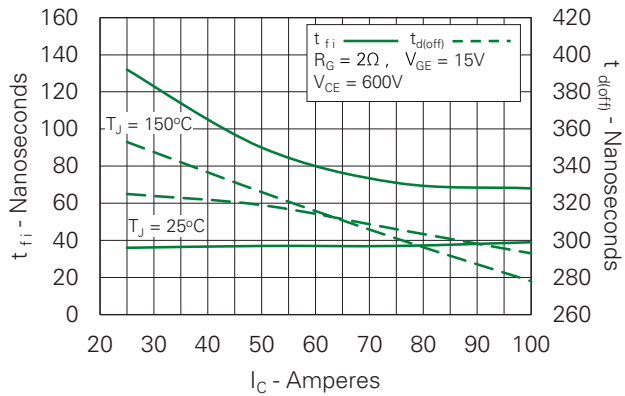


Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

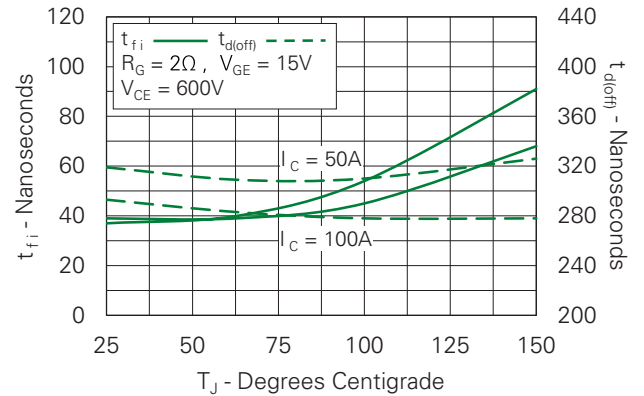


Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

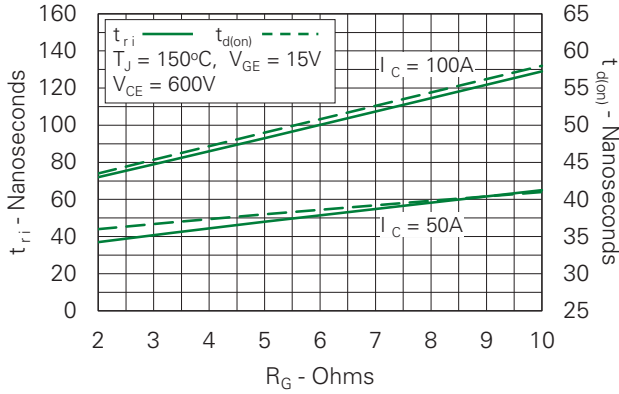


Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current

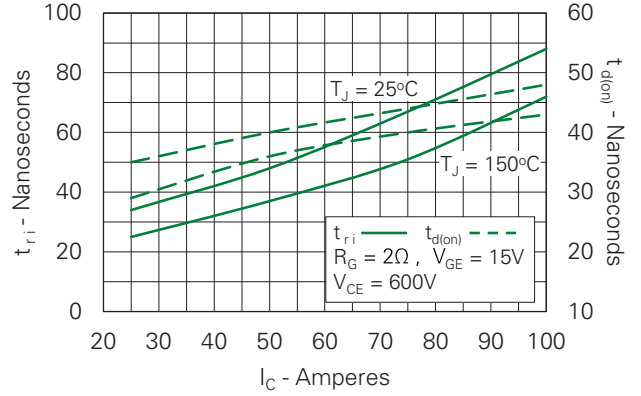


Fig. 21. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

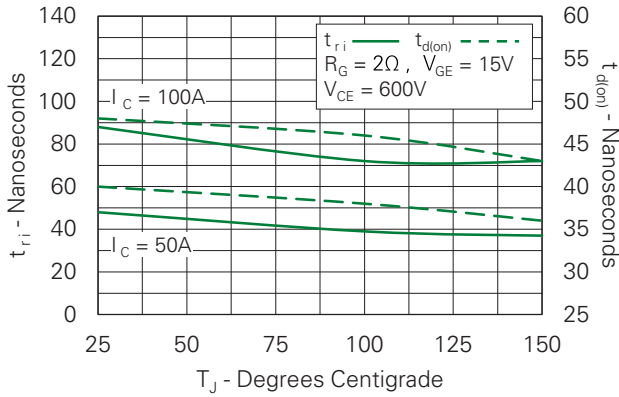


Fig. 22. Maximum Peak Load Current vs. Frequency

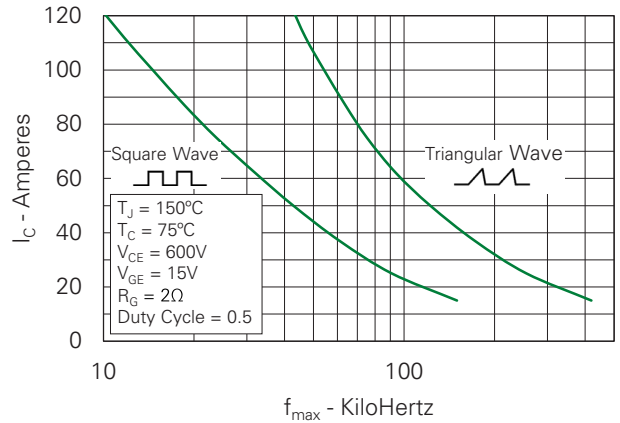


Fig. 23. Diode Forward Characteristics

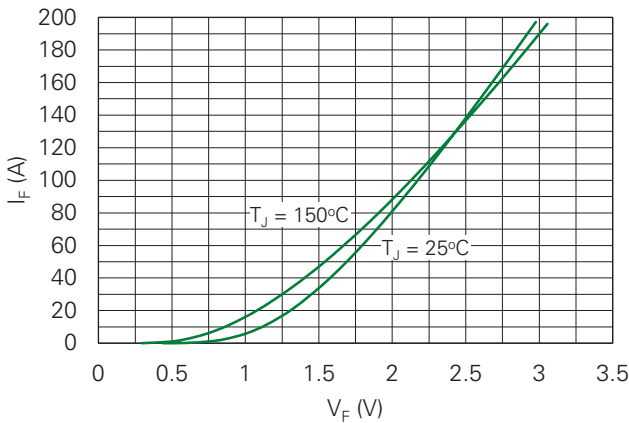


Fig. 24. Reverse Recovery Charge vs. -di_F/dt

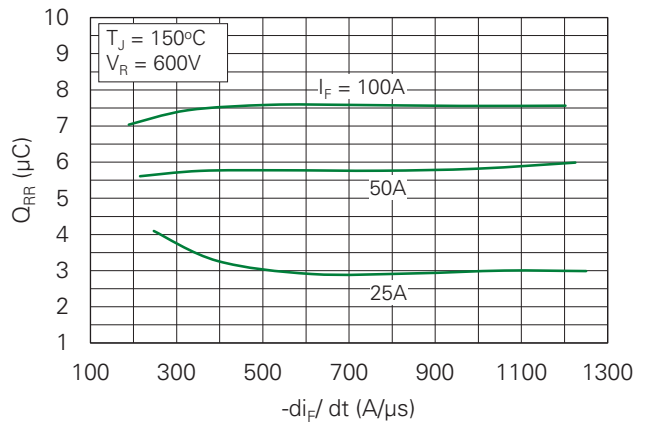


Fig. 25 Reverse Recovery Current vs. $-di_F/dt$

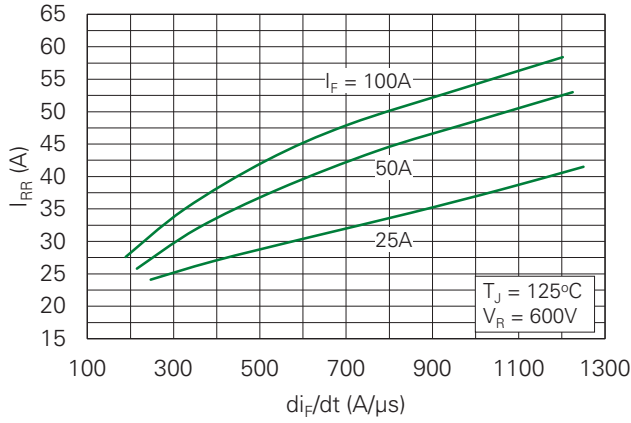


Fig. 26 Reverse Recovery Time vs. $-di_F/dt$

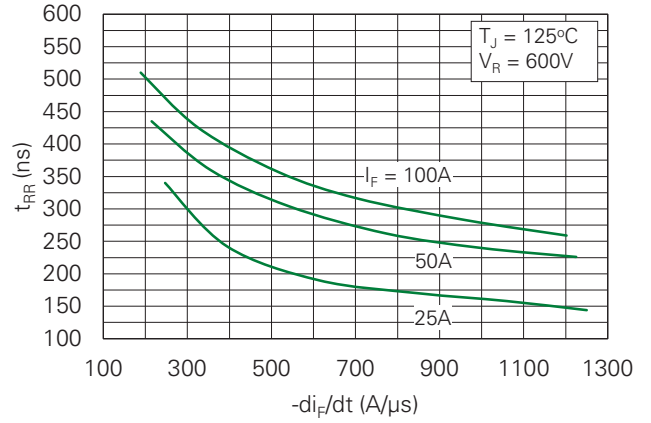


Fig. 27 Dynamic Parameters Q_{RR} , I_{RR} vs. Junction Temperature

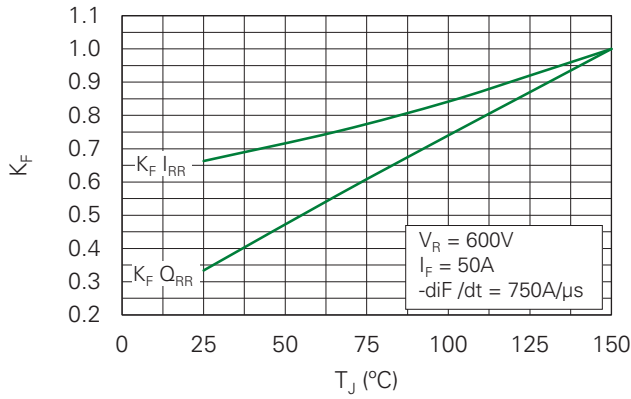
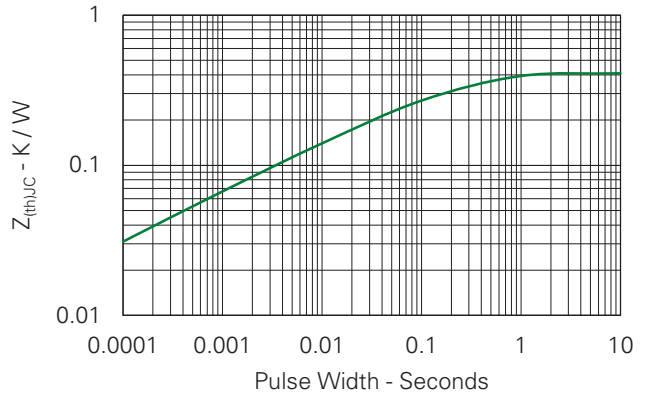
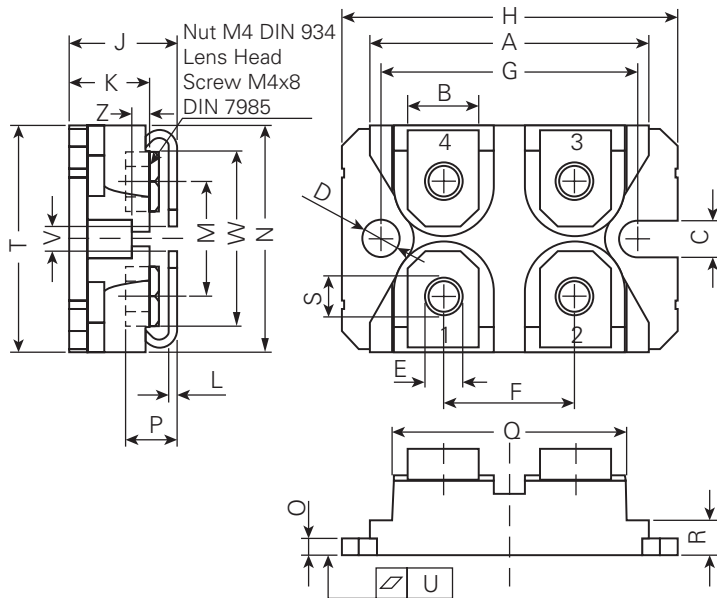


Fig. 28 Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Diode)



Part Outline Drawing (SOT-227B)



Symbol	Inches			Millimeters		
	Min.	Typical	Max.	Min.	Typical	Max
A	1.240	-	1.255	31.50	-	31.88
B	0.307	-	0.323	7.80	-	8.20
C	0.161	-	0.169	4.09	-	4.29
D	0.161	-	0.169	4.09	-	4.29
E	0.161	-	0.169	4.09	-	4.29
F	0.587	-	0.595	14.91	-	15.11
G	1.186	-	1.193	30.12	-	30.30
H	1.488	-	1.505	37.80	-	38.23
J	0.460	-	0.481	11.68	-	12.22
K	0.351	-	0.378	8.92	-	9.60
L	0.029	-	0.033	0.74	-	0.84
M	0.492	-	0.516	12.50	-	13.10
N	0.990	-	1.001	25.15	-	25.42
O	0.077	-	0.084	1.95	-	2.13
P	0.195	-	0.244	4.95	-	6.20
Q	1.045	-	1.059	26.54	-	26.90
R	0.155	-	0.174	3.94	-	4.42
S	0.179	-	0.191	4.55	-	4.85
T	0.968	-	0.994	24.59	-	25.25
U	-0.002	-	0.004	-0.05	-	0.10
V	0.126	-	0.217	3.20	-	5.50
W	0.780	-	0.830	19.81	-	21.08
Z	0.098	-	0.106	2.50	-	2.70

Disclaimer Notice - Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at <http://www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics>.