

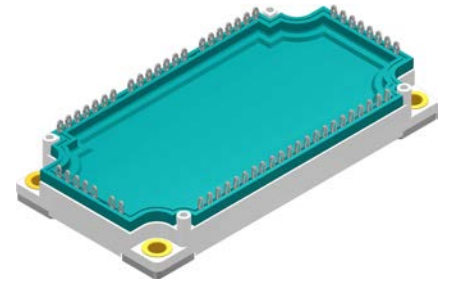
# Standard Rectifier Module

<b>3~ Rectifier</b>
$V_{RRM} = 1600\text{ V}$
$I_{DAV} = 450\text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 2400\text{ A}$

## 3~ Rectifier Bridge + NTC

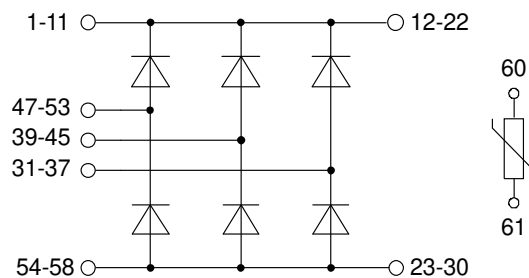
Part number

**MDMA450U1600PTEH**



Backside: isolated

 E72873



### Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

### Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

### Package: E3-Pack

- Isolation Voltage: 4300 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- PressFit-Pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 17 mm
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling
- Phase Change Material available

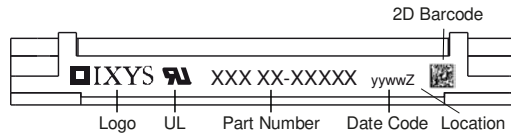
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Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage					1700	V
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage					1600	V
$I_R$	reverse current	$V_R = 1600$ V		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		100	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_R = 1600$ V		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		3	mA
$V_F$	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 150$ A		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1,24	V
		$I_F = 450$ A				1,76	V
		$I_F = 150$ A		$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1,20	V
		$I_F = 450$ A				1,91	V
$I_{DAV}$	bridge output current	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$	rectangular	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		450	A
			$d = \frac{1}{3}$				
$V_{FO}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0,82	V
$r_F$	slope resistance					2,5	m $\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case					0,2	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0,1		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation			$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		625	W
$I_{FSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		2,40	kA
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		2,59	kA
		$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2,04	kA
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		2,21	kA
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		28,8	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		27,9	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 10$ ms; (50 Hz), sine		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		20,8	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3$ ms; (60 Hz), sine		$V_R = 0$ V		20,2	kA <sup>2</sup> s
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400$ V; $f = 1$ MHz		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		91	pF



Package E3-Pack		Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			30	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
<b>Weight</b>				270		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		3		6	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface   striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	6,0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	12,0			mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second t = 1 minute	4300			V
		50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3600			V



**Part description**

- M = Module
- D = Diode
- M = Standard Rectifier
- A = (up to 1800V)
- 450 = Current Rating [A]
- U = 3- Rectifier Bridge
- 1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- PT = PressFit-Pin, Thermistor
- EH = E3-Pack
- = Hyphen
- PC = Phase Change Material

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MDMA450U1600PTEH	MDMA450U1600PTEH	Blister	24	
Alternative	MDMA450U1600PTEH-PC	MDMA450U1600PTEH	Blister	24	518562

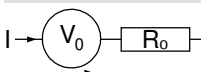
**Temperature Sensor NTC**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$R_{25}$	resistance	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ$	4,85	5	5,15	kΩ
$B_{25/50}$	temperature coefficient			3375		K

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**

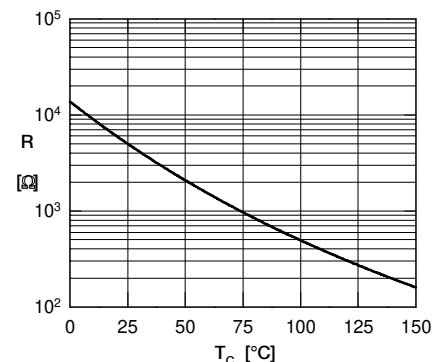
\* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$



Rectifier

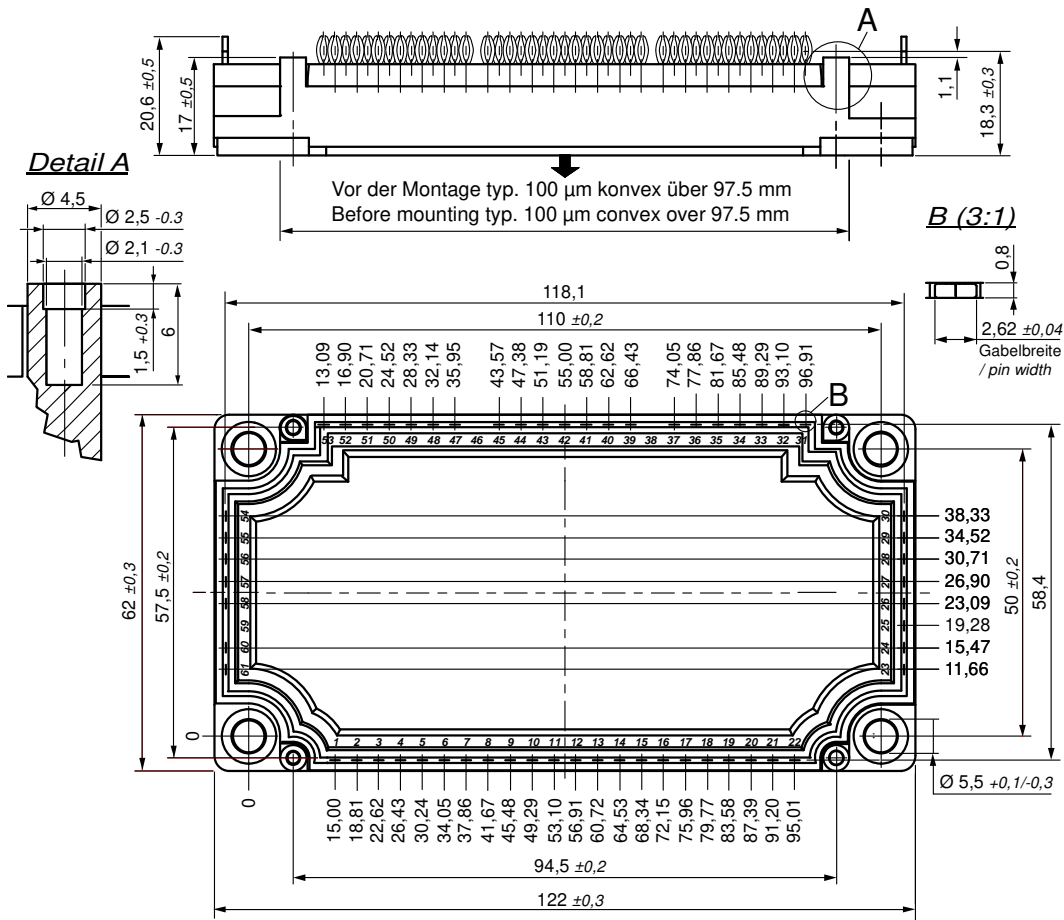
$V_{0 \max}$	threshold voltage	0,82				V
$R_{0 \max}$	slope resistance *	1,2				mΩ



Typ. NTC resistance vs. temperature



**Outlines E3-Pack**

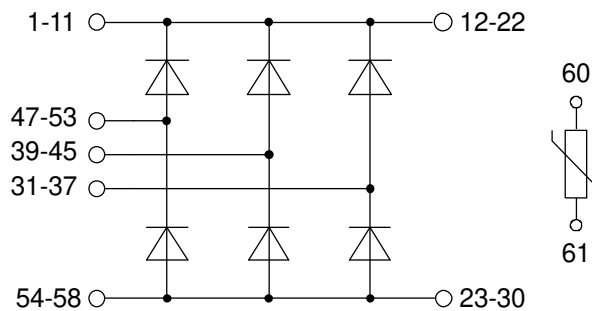


**Bemerkung / Note:**

- Nichttolerierete Maße nach / Measure without tolerances according DIN ISO 2768-T1-m
- PCB-Lochmuster / PCB hole pattern: **see pin position**
- Toleranz Pin-Position und PCB-Lochmuster / Tolerance of pin position and PCB hole pattern:  $\oplus 0.1$
- Bohrlochdurchmesser / Diameter of drill: **Ø 2.35 mm**
- Endlochdurchmesser / Diameter of plated holes: **Ø 2.14 - 2.29 mm** (Cu thickness in via typ. 50 µm)
- Beschichtung / Plating: **chem. Sn max. 15 µm**
- Einpresskraft / Insert Force: per terminal with a typ. insert speed of 7 mm/s: **typ. 90 N**
- Weitere Angaben / Further information: [www.ixys.com](http://www.ixys.com) **Application note IXAN0077**
- Montageanleitung / Mounting instruction: [www.ixys.com](http://www.ixys.com) **Application note IXAN0024**

**Detail A:** PCB-Montage / Mounting on PCB-

- Empfohlene, selbstschneidende Schraube / Recommended, self-tapping screw: **EJOT PT®** (Größe / size: **K25**)
- Max. Schraubenlänge / Max. screw length: **PCB-Dicke / thickness + 6 mm** (max. Lochtiefe / hole depth)
- Empfohlenes Drehmoment / Recommended mounting torque: **1.5 Nm**





**Rectifier**

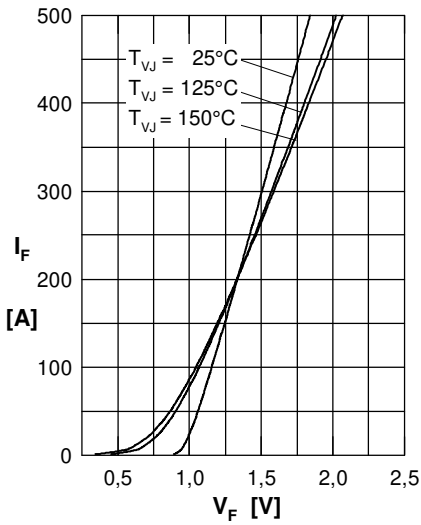


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

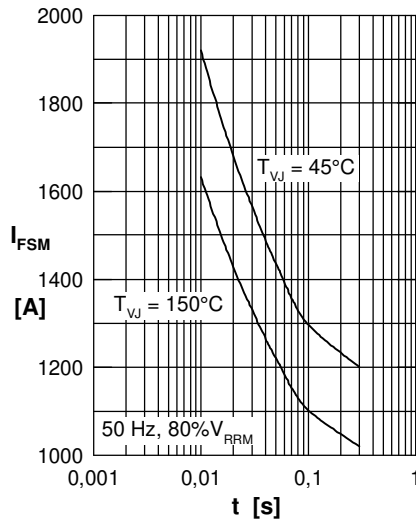


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

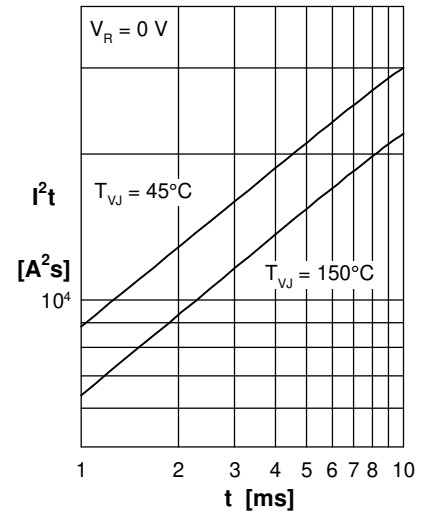


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time per diode

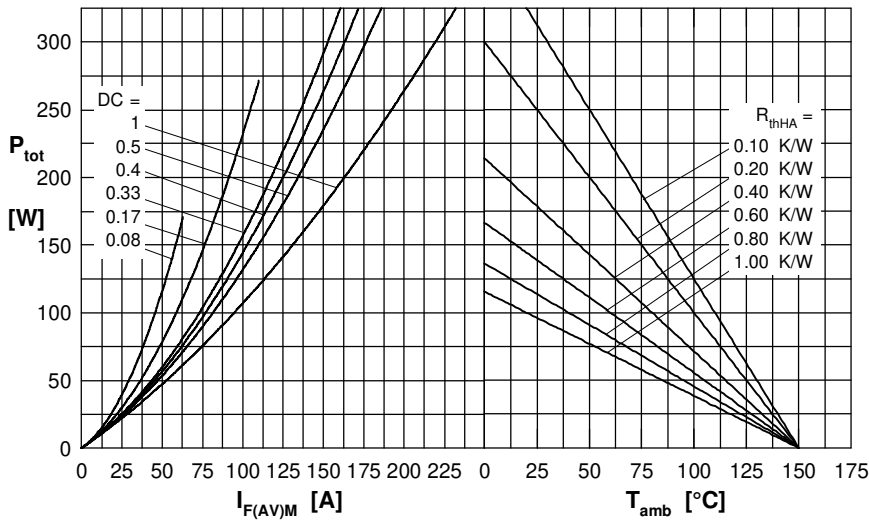


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

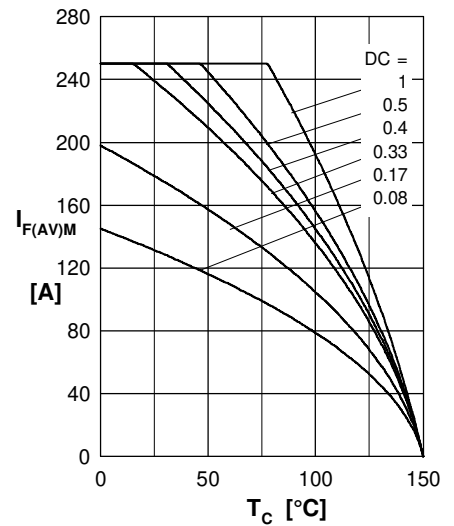


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

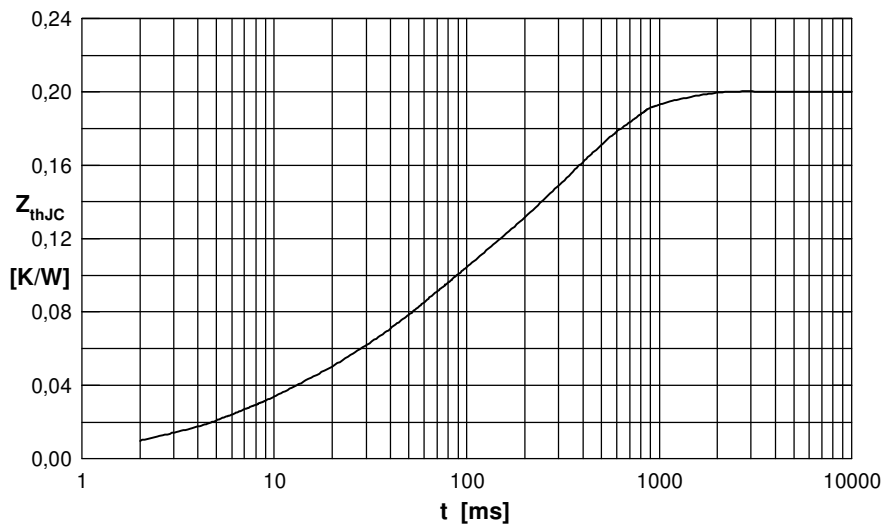


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

Constants for  $Z_{thjC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.020	0.006
2	0.003	0.007
3	0.057	0.042
4	0.120	0.350