

HiPerDynFRED

$$\begin{aligned} V_{RRM} &= 1800 \text{ V} \\ I_{FAV} &= 2 \times 25 \text{ A} \\ t_{rr} &= 30 \text{ ns} \end{aligned}$$

High Performance Dynamic Fast Recovery Diode
 Extreme Low Loss and Soft Recovery
 Parallel legs with series connected dice

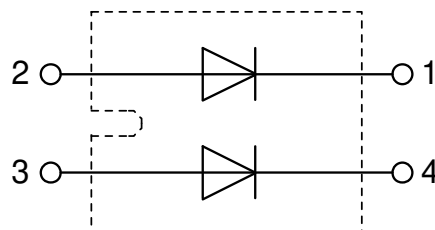
Part number

DPJ50XS1800NA



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very short recovery time
- Improved thermal behaviour
- Very low I_{rm} -values
- Very soft recovery behaviour
- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low I_{rm} reduces:
 - Power dissipation within the diode
 - Turn-on loss in the commutating switch

Applications:

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)

Package: SOT-227B (minibloc)

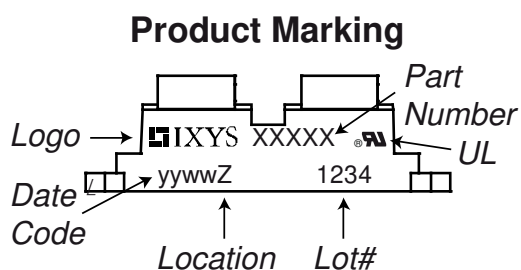
- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

Disclaimer Notice

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics.

Fast Diode				Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
V _{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	T _{VJ} = 25°C				1800	V	
V _{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	T _{VJ} = 25°C				1800	V	
I _R	reverse current, drain current	V _R = 1800 V	T _{VJ} = 25°C			250	μA	
		V _R = 1800 V	T _{VJ} = 150°C			2	mA	
V _F	forward voltage drop	I _F = 25 A	T _{VJ} = 25°C			6.99	V	
		I _F = 50 A				8.72	V	
		I _F = 25 A	T _{VJ} = 150°C			4.33	V	
		I _F = 50 A				5.83	V	
I _{FAV}	average forward current	T _C = 90°C rectangular d = 0.5	T _{VJ} = 150°C			25	A	
V _{F0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only		T _{VJ} = 150°C		2.92	V	
r _F	slope resistance					56	mΩ	
R _{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					0.4	K/W	
R _{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.1		K/W	
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _C = 25°C				315	W	
I _{FSM}	max. forward surge current	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine; V _R = 0 V		T _{VJ} = 45°C		250	A	
C _J	junction capacitance	V _R = 900 V f = 1 MHz		T _{VJ} = 25°C	10		pF	
I _{RM}	max. reverse recovery current	} I _F = 30 A; V _R = 900 V -di _F /dt = 400 A/μs		T _{VJ} = 25 °C	9		A	
				T _{VJ} = 125 °C	13		A	
t _{rr}	reverse recovery time			T _{VJ} = 25 °C	30		ns	
				T _{VJ} = 125 °C	140		ns	

Package SOT-227B (minibloc)				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal				100	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature			-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature			-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature			-40		150	°C
Weight					30		g
M_D	mounting torque			1.1		1.5	Nm
M_T	terminal torque			1.1		1.5	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	10.5	3.2			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	8.6	6.8			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3000			V
		t = 1 minute		2500			V



Part description

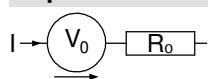
D = Diode
 P = HiPerFRED
 J = HiPerDyn +
 50 = Current Rating [A]
 XS = Parallel legs with series connected dice
 1800 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 NA = SOT-227B (minibloc)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	DPJ50XS1800NA	DPJ50XS1800NA	Tube	10	517619

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

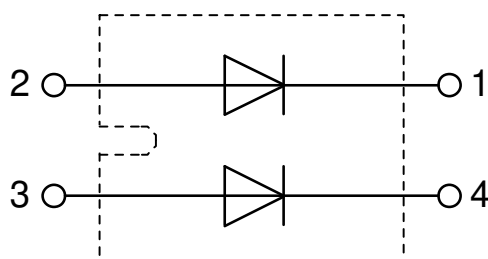
* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

		Fast Diode	
$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	2.92	V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	55	mΩ

Outlines SOT-227B (minibloc)


Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	31.50	31.88	1.240	1.255
B	7.80	8.20	0.307	0.323
C	4.09	4.29	0.161	0.169
D	4.09	4.29	0.161	0.169
E	4.09	4.29	0.161	0.169
F	14.91	15.11	0.587	0.595
G	30.12	30.30	1.186	1.193
H	37.80	38.23	1.488	1.505
J	11.68	12.22	0.460	0.481
K	8.92	9.60	0.351	0.378
L	0.74	0.84	0.029	0.033
M	12.50	13.10	0.492	0.516
N	25.15	25.42	0.990	1.001
O	1.95	2.13	0.077	0.084
P	4.95	6.20	0.195	0.244
Q	26.54	26.90	1.045	1.059
R	3.94	4.42	0.155	0.167
S	4.55	4.85	0.179	0.191
T	24.59	25.25	0.968	0.994
U	-0.05	0.10	-0.002	0.004
V	3.20	5.50	0.126	0.217
W	19.81	21.08	0.780	0.830
Z	2.50	2.70	0.098	0.106



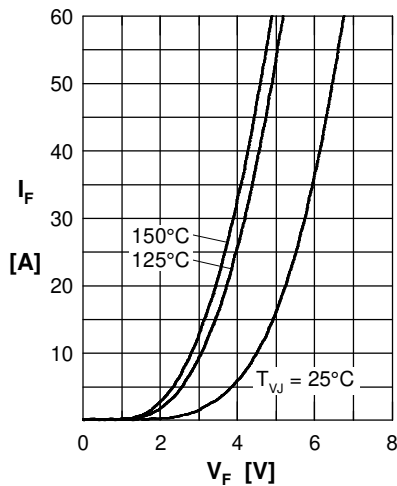
Fast Diode


Fig. 1 Typ. Forward current I_F versus V_F

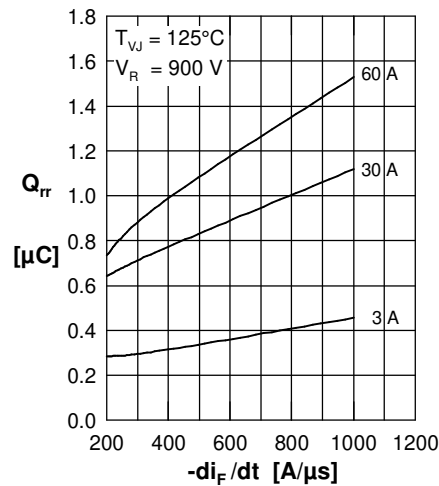


Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recov. charge Q_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

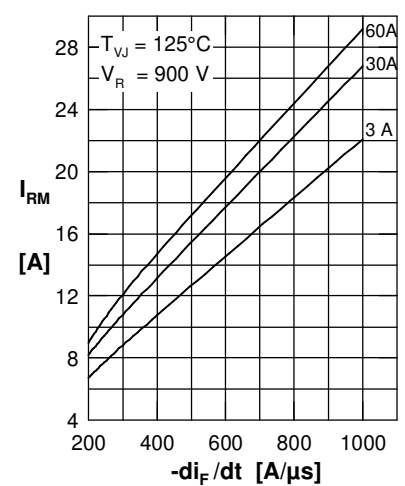


Fig. 3 Typ. reverse recov. current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$

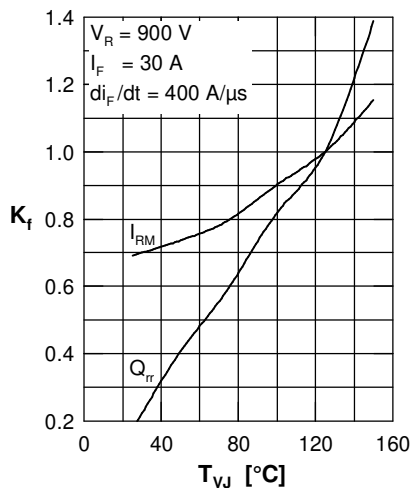


Fig. 4 Typ. dynamic parameters Q_{rr} , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

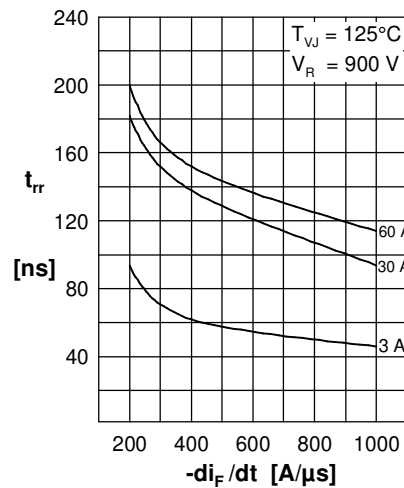


Fig. 5 Typ. reverse recov. time t_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

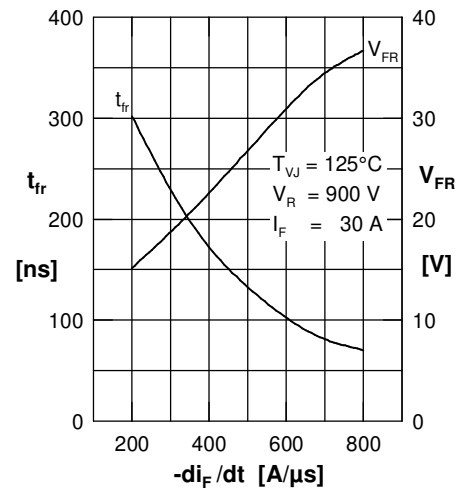


Fig. 6 Typ. forward recov. voltage V_{FR} & time t_{fr} versus di_F/dt

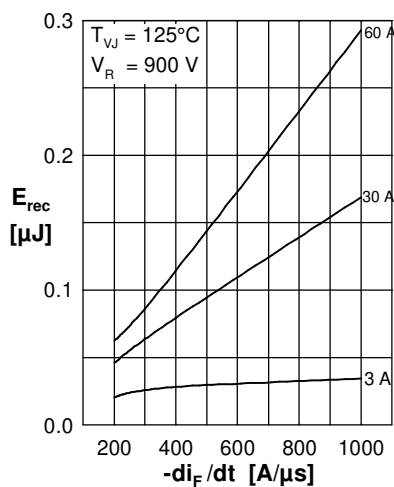


Fig. 7 Typ. recovery energy E_{rec} versus $-di_F/dt$

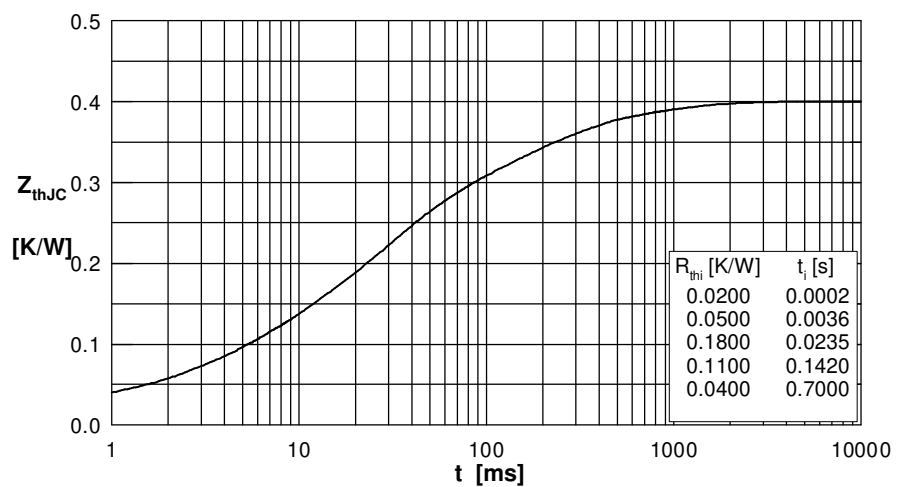


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case